

**Making of the West**  
**Chapter 16 Study Guide**  
 (72 points possible)

Identification: Define and **discuss the importance of** the following terms: (1 point each)

- |                      |                      |                        |
|----------------------|----------------------|------------------------|
| 1. Absolutism        | 6. Diet              | 11. Tory               |
| 2. Constitutionalism | 7. Sejm              | 12. Whig               |
| 3. "I am the state"  | 8. Levellers         | 13. Margaret Cavendish |
| 4. Bureaucracy       | 9. Oliver Cromwell   | 14. Molière            |
| 5. Junker            | 10. Test Act of 1673 |                        |

Short Answer: Restate the question and respond to ALL parts of the question.

15. What was the purpose of the Fronde? What was the outcome? How did it influence the policies of Louis XIV? (2 points)
16. Who was Cardinal Mazarin? What role did he play in the Fronde? In establishing the authority of Louis XIV? (2 points)
17. How did the French court reinforce Louis XIV's absolutism? How does the Palace of Versailles express Louis XIV's position of power? (2 points)
18. How did Louis XIV use the arts to promote his politics? (1 point)
19. Who was Bishop Bossuet and how did he support Louis XIV's absolutism? (1 point)
20. What prominent Jansenists are mentioned in the text? What were their beliefs? Why did Louis oppose them? (2 points)
21. Why did Louis XIV revoke the Edict of Nantes? Once he revoked it, what measures did he take against the Huguenots? In what ways did the Huguenots respond? (3 points)
22. Who were intendants? How were they selected? What responsibilities did they have? How did the use of intendants increase Louis XIV's power in France? (3 points)
23. Describe the economic policies of Colbert. How did his policies support mercantilism in France? (2 points)
24. Using the chart of page 491, Map 16.1 (page 492) as well as the text, discuss the wars of Louis XIV. What effect did these wars have on the people of France? On the French government? (5 points)
25. Louis XIV is considered one of the most absolute rulers in Europe. In what ways was he NOT able to rule absolutely? (2 points)
26. What methods did Frederick William use to forge the scattered, war-torn state of Brandenburg-Prussia into an absolute state? (2 points)
27. Interpret the chart on page 493. Answer the questions at the bottom of the chart. (2 points)
28. Complete the following chart: (10 points)

	Austria	Russia	Poland
Rulers (years of reign)			
Absolutist Policies			(Constitutionalism)
Successes			
Failures			
Overall Evaluation			

29. What countries were battling for Hungary? What was the outcome? (2 points)
30. Using Cornell note taking style, outline "Constitutionalism in England" (pages 497-505) (8 points)
31. Read "Contrasting View: The English Civil War" on page 500. Respond to the questions at the end. (4 points)
32. How does Dutch art differ from art in most European countries? What are the reasons for these differences? (2 points)
33. Discuss John Milton's main arguments against restricting freedom of the press? (1 point)
34. What were the main issues being debated on the role of women? How do these arguments reflect attitudes about women? (2 points)